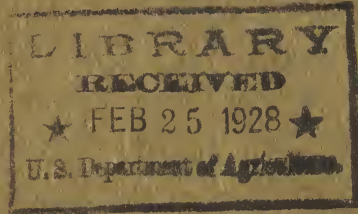


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SPRING 1928



VILLAGE NURSERIES

Jos. H. Black, Son & Co.

HIGHTSTOWN, NEW JERSEY

FOREWORD

This catalogue answers your questions before you ask them and may show the cause of some failures you have had in previous plantings.

We have always given the growing, grading and shipping of trees and plants our direct personal attention. We make our catalogue relatively as distinctive and valuable as our trees have been through the knowledge acquired by two generations through many years of experience.

The descriptions are not full of extravagant adjectives but will, we feel, give you the desired information which will guide you in choice and induce you to plant because you feel you can safely make a selection that will assure good results.

HOW TO ORDER

WRITE order very carefully and keep a copy.

SIGN your name with extra care. The best writers often dash off their signatures so that it is difficult to be sure of the real spelling.

PRICES quoted will be in such quantities as are often ordered and are graduated relative to size and quantity. (It costs as much to assemble an order of 10 in ten kinds as it does to get together 100 in ten varieties.)

REMITTANCES should be made in some perfectly safe way. We have made the prices so close to cost that we ask that all send remittance with order or when they are to be sent C.O.D. at least one-half the amount must accompany order.

RESPONSIBILITY. We are responsible for only those orders placed directly with us.

FRUIT

Every land owner is seeking to increase the value of his land and endeavors to ensure the best possible returns from money spent toward that end. To beautify a property means not only an increase of its sale value, but makes it an eternal source of enjoyment to its owner. However pleasant this may be, the owner must realize that some investment must be made that will be an insurance that not only pays at death but yields dividends during the occupancy.

Fruit bearing trees and plants properly selected and well cared for will increase the value of the land for sale purposes because they increase the income from that property.

WARNING TO PLANTERS

DO NOT USE ANY FERTILIZER OR MANURE when planting, if your ground is poor either broadcast it or apply it to the top of the ground after the trees are planted.

DO NOT EMPLOY AN EXPERT to plant your trees. Ninety per cent of our complaints come from customers who tell us that they had an expert plant the stock. There is no mysterious nor special method to be employed in tree planting.

Dig a hole big enough to allow the roots to take their natural position, make it about six inches deeper than necessary.

Wet the roots of the tree immediately before planting.

Place the roots in the hole and fill about half full of loose top soil.

Pull the tree up until it is the same depth in the ground that it stood in the nursery row, tamp the soil firmly and then finish filling the hole and continue to tamp it until the last two inches which should be left loose.

Trim according to instructions given through the catalogue under each species.

APPLES

PLANTING DISTANCES varies according to soil and varieties. We will describe them as **upright** which can be planted as close as 24x24 feet which takes 75 trees per acre. **Moderate spread** 30x30 feet, taking 50 trees per acre, **spreading** 32x32 on ordinary soils, taking 43 trees and 36x36 on rich heavy soil, taking 34 trees per acre. When planting in a single row these distances can be shortened about four feet.

CARE OF APPLE ORCHARDS. The ground should be kept well cultivated from early spring until about July 15th. Inter-cropping may be practiced in the young orchard, using such crops as require high fertilization and intensive cultivation. The bearing orchard should have some legume sown in it, after July 1st as a cover crop that will protect it from leaching, also furnish humus and nitrogen to the soil.

PRUNING THE TREES. Two year old trees should have all but three branches taken off and these cut back to within three to six inches of the main stem. One year olds if over 3½ ft. high should be cut back to that height. In future years the plan should be to have no more than three main branches from each of which two are allowed to grow, from these form an open head through which sun and air reaches every part of the tree. Never allow the top to get so high that spraying and picking is difficult and expensive.

The descriptions are given to denote season of ripening, color, size, quality, growth of tree and soil suited to its best development.

Prices.—On Apple Trees.

General List except where special prices are noted.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
5 to 7 ft., 2 year old, First Grade.....	\$.60	\$4.00	\$30.00
4 to 6 ft., 2 year old, Medium Grade.....	.50	3.00	20.00
3 to 4 ft., 2 year old, Second Grade.....	.30	2.50	15.00
3½ ft. and up, one year old, First Grade.....	.50	4.00	20.00
2½ to 3½ ft., one year old, Second Grade.....	.40	3.00	15.00

DESCRIPTION OF VARIETIES

Only such varieties as are known to be profitable for market are grown. Hightstown has won more prizes for its apples than any other one place in the country and our buds are from trees that bore these prize winning apples. One hundred acres of bearing trees and more than fifty varieties are available for securing our buds.

NAMED IN ORDER OF RIPENING

We think that this way of telling their time of ripening is the easiest understood and applies to all sections.

Yellow Transparent.—Earliest Summer, waxen yellow, medium size, subacid, good for cooking and eating. Upright tree, doing well anywhere but best on lighter soils. (Two year old trees only.)

Starr.—This variety does not ripen quite as early as Transparent but is far more profitable as a market apple. In size it is large to very large, a splendid cooking apple of good quality. It is a good keeper and shipper; color greenish yellow, sometimes showing a red cheek. Tree is medium grower and does well on all soils, comes into bearing young, ripens ahead of peaches and always brings good prices.



Starr

Early Williams.—(Williams Favorite)—Early, red over a yellowish green, large to very large, oblong in shape, a handsome high quality dessert apple. Tree of moderate spread, does well on all soils.

Gravenstein.—Summer, yellow splashed with red, large, juicy and a good cooker. Tree moderate spread, best on sandy soil. (Two year old trees only.)



English Codling

English Codling.—Long season, usually is picked as an early summer pie apple, greenish yellow, very juicy, subacid, valuable for cooking. Tree spreading and does well on all soils but colors better on light soils. A good market apple. Wherever it has been grown for market this variety has proved itself profitable.

Twenty Ounce.—This variety does not ripen until a later season but usually is picked while still green at this time or earlier. Is sold as a pie apple just as soon as it reaches a good size as its quality for cooking is better than later when it becomes a red apple and less juicy. Tree is upright grower on all soils.

Ohio Nonpareil.—Is remarkable in three important respects, viz., large size, great beauty and superb quality. Fruit is enormous in size, one half of each specimen bright, glossy red, and the other half an intense scarlet like glowing coals. Of extra high quality, being of a rich yellow color, smooth, rich. A most profitable variety for market, its great beauty, large size and high quality, commanding for it quick sales at high prices, no matter how the market may be supplied; and for the home orchard it should be included in all collections, no matter how small. (One year old trees only.)

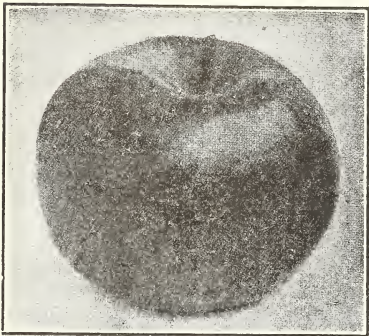
Wealthy.—Fall, almost entirely covered with red. Skin very smooth, flesh white, large, fine quality for any purpose. Tree upright and is an early and heavy bearer on all soils but gives finest color on lighter soils.

Grimes Golden.—Late fall, golden yellow, medium size, highest quality for cooking and eating. Moderate spread, light or gravelly soils. This variety needs severe thinning both in trimming and of fruit in order to make it bear fruit every year.

Our trees are being budded rather high will not collar-rot if you do not set them any deeper than they were in the nursery row.

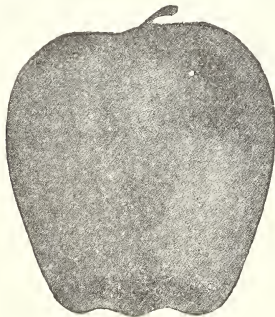


Wealthy

**Grimes Golden**

See description on page 2

McIntosh.—This great favorite in the market is a fall apple in central and southern Jersey; north it is an early winter variety. Its color is a purplish red overlaying the yellow green ground. Quality the very highest; size medium and sometimes quite large; tree of moderate spread. **2 year olds at 10c per tree advance in price.**

**Delicious**

Baldwin.—This apple in Jersey is usually classed as a fall or early winter apple. It bears young and if properly thinned both in trimming and fruit will bear a fine crop of very large apples every year. Tree is one of the best growers and healthiest of them all. **It is the best for top-working others on.** Fruit, large to very large, red all over and good quality; tree spreading, any soil.

Special prices on Baldwin only:

100 or more, 5 ft. and up, 2 year, at
\$25.00 per 100.

Opalescent.—The most attractive variety of its season.

The best very large apple we have ever grown. It is very attractive in color, being a glossy, rich, solid red that covers almost the entire apple, the ground being a clear yellow.

Its size and color would sell it but its good quality gets orders for the next day. As a baking apple it is unsurpassed.

Tree moderate spread and early bearer.

Delicious.—Most people consider this the best of all eating apples. It is well and favorably known and therefore sells well. Almost or entirely red, large conical. Moderate spread, on any soil.

Smokehouse.—Large, shaded with bright red, firm, juicy and crisp. Very large, high quality apple. Tree large, spreading on any soil. **(Two year old trees only.)**

**Baldwin**



Rome Beauty

Rome Beauty.—As an early winter apple for New Jersey this has proven to be the most profitable. Its fine appearance and size always attracts the buyer. Color is bright red over a beautiful yellow ground, large to very large size; quality good, both for cooking and eating. Tree large, spreading, all soils, but gets its best color on light or gravelly ground.

Staymans.—(Staymans Winesap).—After many years of growing this variety we still consider it the very best of all winter apples for market, home use and quality. The New Jersey Horticultural Society and apple lovers all over the state have voted it the best and most profitable late apple for New Jersey.

Fruit large, to very large, dark red, highest quality, late keeper. Tree hardy, regular bearer, needs thinning to keep from overbearing; spreading, any soil.



Staymans

Mammoth Black Twig.—(Paragon).—This variety is becoming more popular. It is more solid than Staymans, a brighter color and keeps very late in the ordinary cellar. Our strain is an early, regular and heavy cropper; some strains are very shy bearers. Fruit dark red that polishes beautifully, high quality. Tree hardy spreading, medium to heavy soils.

APPLE COLLECTIONS

For small garden, one each **Starr**, **Wealthy** and **Staymans**.

3 trees by express, 4 to 6 ft., for **\$1.25**; 3 ft. trees, by Parcel Post, **\$1.00**

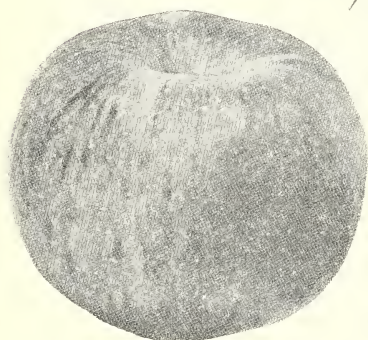
Whole Season, one each **Starr**, **Codling**, **Wealthy**, **Delicious**, **Grimes**, **Baldwin** and **Staymans**.

7 trees by express, 4 to 6 ft., for **\$2.00**; 3 ft., by Parcel Post, for **\$1.60**.

NEW VARIETIES OF APPLES

Prices, on new varieties.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
2 year, 5 to 7 ft.....	\$.75	\$6.50	
2 year, 4 to 6 ft.....	.65	5.00	
1 year, 3½ to 5 ft.....	.50	4.00	\$35.00
1 year, 2½ to 3½ ft.....	.40	3.00	25.00



Red Codling

Red Codling.—(Renamed incorrectly Mon-
mouth Beauty.)—Some years ago a
neighbor said he had the finest Duchess
tree he had ever seen and gave us some
buds. It proved to be later and entirely
different than Duchess. The growth and
appearance of the tree, shape, size and
time of ripening of fruit is so similar to
Codling that five years ago we named
it Red Codling.

Ripens just ahead of Wealthy, fruit
large to very large; color is beautiful
red stripings and splashing over a yel-
low ground, often almost completely
overlying it. Tree very spreading, low
growing with thick, heavy foliage of
dark green color.

A beautiful apple that stands up well and sells readily as there is no other
red apple in the same season. Quality good for cooking and eating.

Cortland.—This variety was sent out by the New York Experiment Station.
They had crossed McIntosh with other varieties and selected Cortland from
the seedlings as having all the good qualities of McIntosh together with in-
creased hardiness, sturdiness of tree, and it has a better color, also is less liable
to spray injury. It is also later and better keeper.

An improved McIntosh as to color, hardiness, and keeping qualities and
otherwise as good.

Red Rome.—A sport of Rome Beauty similar in every respect except that the
color is a solid red all over and has a longer season.

We have fruited Red Rome for the first time this year and we recommend it
very highly. The color on heavy clay soil is equal to the finest Rome you
ever saw on sandy soil. It also is a splendid keeper. We predict that it will
be the best market apple yet introduced.

RHUBARB

Rhubarb.—Myatt's Linneaus variety is the best and divided roots are far su-
perior to seedlings. Our stock is an extra large strain.

Prices.—Divided roots, 25c each; 3 for 60c; \$1.50 per 10.



Elberta

PEACHES

Our list of varieties include only such kinds as are profitable for market and best for home use.

Soils best adapted for growing peaches are: Sand, Sandy Loam, Gravel, Clay Loam with sand or gravel subsoil, or well drained shale.

Location of orchards should be carefully considered. The soil must be naturally or artificially well drained and a north or west slope is preferable to a southern exposure. Air circulation is very essential and therefor a plot protected both on the north and west should never be selected, especially in New Jersey where we have such variable weather.

Planting Distances depend some upon the nature of the soil. We seldom recommend planting closer than 18x18 feet which takes 135 trees per acre but some plant them 16x16 on very light soils and at that distance it takes 170 trees per acre. On very rich sandy loam we prefer 20x20 and it takes 110 trees per acre. For Garden planting they may be set as close as 12 feet if only one row is being planted, and 16 feet is plenty far enough.

Care of Peach Orchards.—They should be cultivated early in the spring but bearing trees should never be plowed deep nor until after the petals begin to drop because of frost danger. Continue cultivation until July 1st to 10th and then sow with cover crop, a legume being preferable as they provide nitrogen.

Pruning.—Cut back when planting large trees to 24 inches and small trees to 12 inches and cut off all branches. Never fail to cut them back as they do not do well unless you do. Allow three branches only to grow, selecting them so they will form a good shaped tree. In future years cut back all young growth at least two-thirds of the growth and keep the inside of the tree open and the top rather low. As the tree gets older renew the main branches by dehorning one at a time.

Our trees have magnificent root systems, and they have made, therefore, splendid tops.

Prices	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
5 ft. and up, extra heavy	\$.50	\$4.00	\$22.50	
4 to 6 ft., 9-16 in. caliper.....	.40	3.50	18 00	150.00
3½ to 5 ft., first class .....	.35	2.50	15.00	125.00
3 to 4 ft., medium .....	.30	2.00	12.00	110.00
2 to 3 ft., small .....	.25	1.75	10.00	80.00
1½ to 2½ ft., whips.....	.20	1.50	8.00	60.00

Varieties named in order of ripening

Maules Early.—Red with skin almost entirely covered with red, medium, fair quality, half cling and the earliest of all peaches. Its extreme earliness, hardness in bud (never missing a crop) and fine in color, make it a very valuable market variety.

After twenty years no other variety has equaled it for earliness nor surpassed it in quality that ripens within two weeks of it.

Cumberland.—This variety is one introduced by the New Jersey Experimental Station; following is their description: "A seedling of Belle crossed with Greensboro. Large, oval, white-fleshed, usually free. Ripens a few days before Carman. Recommended as a variety to precede the Carman season."

Carman.—Red, light green skin, almost covered with a bright carmine, very handsome. Large, round, fair quality, half cling and one of the early market varieties.

Miss Lolo.—White and pink flesh, skin pale lemon with a pretty red cheek. Large, round, good quality, free on most soils, a splendid market variety, especially for light soils.

Kathryn.—The season of 1927 again demonstrated this variety far exceeds in every particular all old or new varieties anywhere near its season. J. C. Richdale, of Phalanx, N. J., and Albert West, of Robbinsville, N. J., have proven that beyond question.

The tree is a stronger grower and very hardy. It bears very young; three year old trees were loaded with fruit and it shows a lot of fruit buds on one year old stock in the nursery row. The fruit is large, slightly elongated, very regular in size and shape, making a splendid appearing peach. It is a perfect freestone on the originator's farm. Its season of ripening is along with the last of Carman but extends over a slightly longer period. The color is clear cream-tinted white overspread with a beautiful pink which is a very deep shade on the sunny side. It colors well in the middle of the tree and is a splendid keeper.

This variety alone 5c above prices on other varieties.

Hiley.—(Early Belle) — Red, greenish white; skin nearly covered with red, medium size but uniform; free; oblong in shape. A good market variety that always sells well.

Belle of Georgia.—The Elberta furnished a new type of early, regular and heavy bearing yellow peaches which has never been equalled for shipping and profit. The Belle of Georgia is just as distinctive in the white varieties. It is of large size, uniform in shape and very showy. Quality is good to excellent. It comes into bearing young and is prolific and picks over an extended period, finishing just as Elberta begins.

Early Elberta.—A more handsome peach than Elberta. The yellow on shaded side is very bright and clean appearing. Ripens a few days ahead of Elberta and most characteristics similar to that variety. Splendid market peach.



Hale

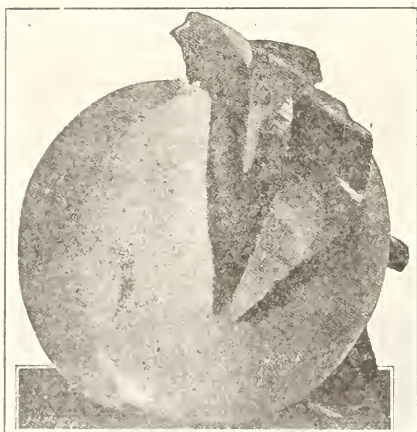
See description on page 8.

Elberta.—Very large, skin golden yellow and where exposed to the sun, faintly striped with red, flesh yellow, very fine grain, juicy rich, sweet and splendidly flavored; tree very prolific and presents a handsome appearance and a luxuriant growth. It is a perfect freestone and one of the most successful market varieties. Does well everywhere.

Hale.—This has proven itself to be a remarkable variety wherever it has been planted. It ripens with and after Elberta. It is yellow with a bright red cheek, clear yellow flesh of high quality. Fruit is high quality. Tree is of rather dwarf bushy habit. Fruit is very large as can be seen from cut of a bushel crate, 12 peaches to the basket or 72 to the bushel.

Brackett.—Ripens after Elberta is finished, extending the yellow peach season. It is a deep yellow, well shaded with carmine, entirely free and because of its splendid quality and season it always is profitable for market and desirable for the home.

Late Elberta.—A large, handsome, highly colored peach, very similar in appearance to Elberta but ripens later. If this is not the so-called Roberta it is so near it that the best judges can not tell them apart.



Krummels

Foxes.—Red, white skin with a pretty red cheek. Large, slightly oblong, free, very high quality. It comes at a good season, after Elberta is gone.

Iron Mountain.—Pure white, white skin sometimes has a slight blush. Large to very large, egg-shaped, free, of the very highest quality. The best canning peach ever grown as well as the best eating variety. Hardy in bud.

Krummels.—A hardy peach of good quality. Flesh yellow, skin light orange with a bright red cheek. Preferable to Salway with which variety it ripens. A very desirable market variety.

COLLECTIONS OF PEACH TREES

For small garden.—1 each of **Kathryn, Hale and Iron Mt.** 3 Freestone Peaches, 5 ft., by express, \$1.00; 4 ft., express, \$.75; small, by parcel post, \$.60.

Whole Season List.—1 each of **Maules, Kathryn, Belle, Elberta, Hale, Brackett, Iron Mt. and Krummels.** 8 Peach trees 5 ft., by express, \$2.00; 4 ft., express, \$1.50; small, parcel post, \$1.25.

New Varieties of Peaches by the N. J Experimental Station.

Prices on Eclipse and Primrose.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
5 ft. and up.....	.50	\$4.00	
4 ft. and up.....	.40	3.50	\$22.50
3½ to 5 ft.....	.35	3.00	20.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.30	2.50	18.00
2 to 3 ft.....	.25	2.00	15.00

Eclipse.—"A self-pollinated seedling of Belle. A dark red, yellow-fleshed freestone peach of firm texture and good flavor, ripening with Hiley. Size equal to Hiley, tree more vigorous. Fruit oval, flesh fine grained, excellent shipper, hangs to the tree well. Recommended as a variety to replace Hiley."

Primrose.—"A seedling of Belle crossed with Elberta. A large, yellow-fleshed freestone of good quality, ripening with Belle of Georgia. Recommended as a yellow-fleshed variety to replace Belle and to precede Elberta in home orchards.

Golden Jubilee.—This new peach was in such demand last fall that we are out except Dormant Buds. These we mail at 50c each. We will have one year old trees next fall.

SWEET CHERRIES

ON MAZZARD ROOTS

Sweet cherries are Hearts or Bigarreaus and are strong, upright growers. Set 36 feet apart.

Our sweet cherries are budded on MAZZARD stock. Ninety per cent of the cherries offered for sale are worked on Mahaleb and we have found such trees to be almost worthless and very short lived.

Prices.—On the largest and best rooted trees.

4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.25; \$7.00 per 10.

Black Tartarian.—It is the old standard black cherry, juicy and excellent quality. Large.

Gov. Wood.—A yellow variety having a bright red cheek, flesh is firm.

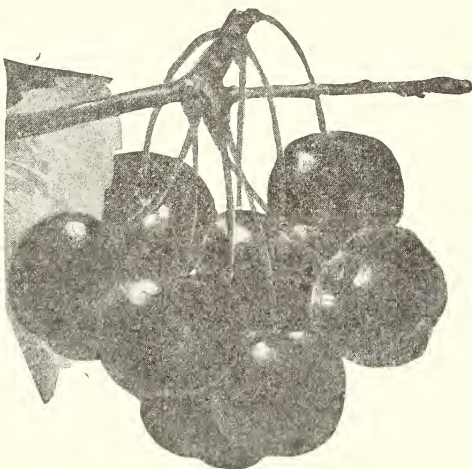
Mercer.—A large dark red cherry of finest quality, very hardy and the best of all for canning. The best of them all.

Napoleon.—A light red and yellow cherry of larger size.

Schmidts.—Another dark red cherry of great hardness and fine quality.

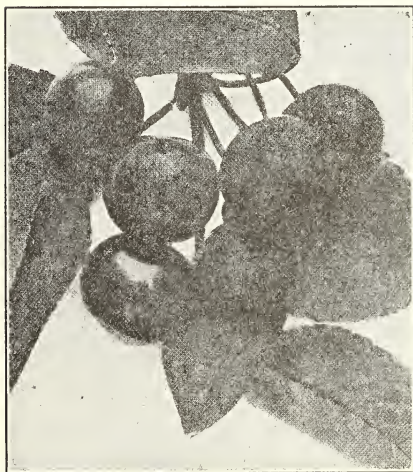
Yellow Spanish.—An amber cherry with a bright red cheek, its solid flesh makes it a fine canning variety.

Windsor.—Fruit large, round, very firm and fairly juicy, quality very good, productive. It is very dark red, almost black and keeps better than most cherries.



Mercer

DUKE AND SOUR CHERRIES



Large Montmorency

In this class are also the Dukes as they are of dwarf spreading habit. They bear young and regularly. Set 16 feet apart, 170 trees to the acre.

Price.—75c each; 3 for \$2.00; \$6.00 per 10.

May Duke.—A very early red cherry, dark red, fine quality and not sour.

Early Richmond.—An early bright red variety of medium size, very prolific and profitable for market.

Large Montmorency.—A large cherry which when fully ripe is not sour as some others. Later and larger than Early Richmond and better quality.

PLUMS

There are two classes of Plums. Japan varieties are early bearers, often bearing at three years old. They are not as hardy in the far north as the European varieties, neither are they as long lived. European Plums take much longer to bear and are not as prolific but are of higher quality. Set 16 feet apart.

EUROPEAN PLUMS

Prices.—75c each; \$6.00 per 10.

Bradshaw.—A large, early, dark purplish red variety of good quality.

German Prune.—Fruit oval in shape, nearly two inches long, of good quality for the table, and much esteemed for drying and preserving; hangs long on the tree and is firm, sweet and pleasant.

Grand Duke.—A very handsome plum, especially valuable for market. It resembles Bradshaw in size and color, being very large and of fine dark violet red.

Imperial Gage.—Rather large, oval, greenish, flesh juicy, rich and delicious, and on account of the tree being a good grower is preferred by many to the Green Gage. Ripens early.

Lombard.—Medium, round, oval, violet red, juicy, pleasant and good, adheres to the stone, productive. A valuable market variety, one of the most hardy.

Reine Claude.—A large, fine variety, skin greenish yellow, covered with thick bloom; flesh yellow, juicy, melting, with a rich, sugary, excellent flavor.

JAPAN PLUMS

Prices.—75c each; \$6.00 per 10.

Abundance.—A fine yellow plum of excellent quality, ripens early. While the skin is yellow, it is often almost covered with a bright carmine.

For New Jersey we consider this the best market plum we have ever grown.

Burbank.—Later than the Abundance, round, yellow, partially covered with red, flesh is yellow and is an excellent canning variety.

Red June.—Of immense value for its early ripening. The fruit is medium to large, roundish conical, deep purplish red, very handsome and attractive; flesh pale yellow, firm and meaty.

Satsuma Blood.—Large, skin dark purplish red, mottled with blush bloom, shape globular, and with sharp point, flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, well flavored; splendid for canning.

QUINCES

They are very much used for jellies and preserves and for flavoring. They succeed best on soil that is moist and rich. They need severe pruning, cutting off nearly all the new growth, thereby forcing a lot of new growth from which it sends its blossom buds. Set 12 feet apart.

Price.—Two year, 75c each.

Champion.—Very large, late, coarse grained.

Meeches.—Medium to large, good quality.

Orange.—Medium to small, fine grained and splendid quality.

Raes Mammoth.—Large, midseason, fine quality and one of the best.

COLLECTION OF FRUIT TREES, FOR THE SMALL GARDEN

1 Belle Peach, 1 Elberta Peach, 1 Starr Apple, 1 Baldwin Apple, 1 Bartlett Pear, 1 Montmorency Cherry, 1 Red or White Sweet Cherry.

7 Fruit Trees, 5 ft., by express, for \$3.50.

COLLECTION OF FRUIT TREES, FAMILY SELECTION, FULL LIST

7 Apples as listed in whole season list on page 4.

8 Peaches as listed in whole season list on page 8.

1 Bartlett Pear and 1 Seckle Pear

1 Red or Black or White Sweet Cherry

1 Montmorency Cherry

1 Raes Mammoth

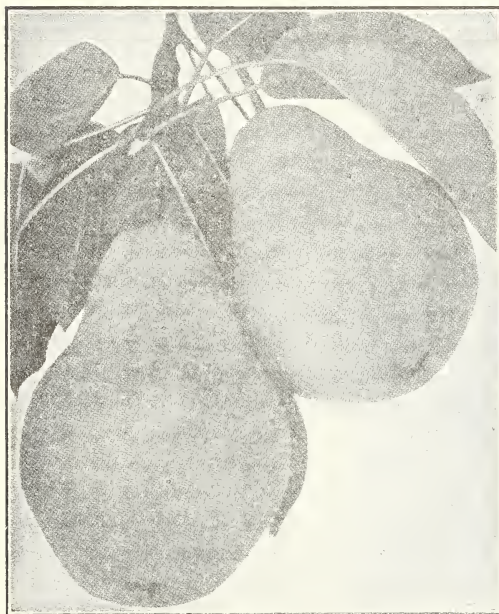
—
20 Fruit Trees, 5 ft., by express, for \$8.00.

PEARS

The list of Pears given includes only such as do well in most states. Other varieties are successfully grown in favored sections but even in those sections this list is a good one.

In orchards, trees are usually planted about 24 feet apart and this seems to give plenty of room; single rows may have the trees as close as 20 feet.

Prices.—Extra first-class, two year olds, 80c each; \$7.00 per 10.



Bartlett

Bartlett.—Everyone knows this fine, midsummer pear of splendid eating, cooking and canning qualities.

Beurre Bosc.—A large, fine pear, russet yellow, slight brownish red in the sun; flesh white, melting, juicy, productive.

Beurre d'Anjou.—Is later than Bartlett, of good quality; is greenish russetted variety.

Clapps Favorite.—Earlier than Bartlett, yellow with red cheek.

Keiffer.—For New Jersey it is the most profitable of all pears and while not as high quality as some others it bears well and with proper care of the fruit it is very delicious and juicy, splendid for cooking and canning.

Seckle.—A small russetted variety of highest quality and very sweet.

Sheldon.—A large, rough coated russetted pear that is very juicy and good quality.

Worden-Seckle.—Equal in quality to its famous parent, which it resembles much in flavor, while in size, color form and appearance, it is decidedly superior.

Winter Nelis.—A late winter russet variety of high quality.

SPECIAL BARTLETT PEARS

After years of testing in different sections it has been proven that Bartletts budded on Usseriensis Stock is blight resistant and again we can have Bartletts bearing fruit in our back yards and gardens. While our stock lasts,

Price.—Special Bartletts on Usseriensis Stock, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.

ENGLISH WALNUTS

Everybody knows it without description. Our stock is Northern grown from Northern seed.

Prices.—Transplanted, 3 year, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

GRAPES

On an arbor, plant no closer than 10 feet and the rows should be at least 6 feet apart. For vineyards plant 8 feet by 12 feet, which takes 450 plants per acre. In pruning cut back hard every year, leaving no more than two eyes on the new growth and leave no closer than one foot apart on one stem. The less branches there are the larger the bunches of berries will be. Cultivate well but do not fertilize very much.

In planting, cut back the top to two eyes and cut the roots back to within three inches of the old cutting and use no manure or fertilizer in the holes.

Prices—unless otherwise quoted.

	Each.	Per 3.	Per 10.
1 year	\$.25	\$.60	\$1.50
2 year .....	.30	.75	2.00

Brighton.—Early, large clusters, sweet, rich, and finest quality.

Berry large, wine red with abundant bloom. Bunch of good size, compact and good form. Ripens in advance of Concord. Vine a very strong, vigorous grower, healthy and prolific.

Campbells Early.—Black, large, early; large bunches; best early black variety.



Concord

Concord.—Black, large, mid-season, large bunches. The most popular of all varieties everywhere for all purposes.

Price.—2 yr., \$10.00 per 100; 1 yr., \$9.00 per 100.

Delaware.—Red, small, mid-season; small, tight bunches; sweetest of all grapes.

Diamond.—White, large, mid-season; large, compact shouldered bunches; sweet and fine.

Lutie.—Red, medium to small, early; small bunches but a lot of them; sweet and fine.

Niagara.—White, large, late; extra large shouldered compact bunches, slightly aromatic. The best white variety for market.

Worden.—Black, very large, ripens just ahead of Concord; bunch large and compact. Sweet and fine, one of the best.

GRAPES, Small Garden Collection

4—1 Brighton, 2 Concord and 1 Niagara, express, 60c; parcel post, 70c.

Family Grape Collection

1 Campbells Early, 1 Brighton, 1 Diamond, 1 Worden, 2 Concord and 1 Niagara.
7 Grape Vines by express, \$1.25; parcel post, \$1.40.

GOOSEBERRIES

We can ship Gooseberries in New Jersey only.

As a market fruit there are few crops that are more profitable for market. For home, either fresh or canned, it makes splendid sauces and pies. They should be planted 2 feet apart in the row and the rows 4 feet apart, taking 5,450 plants to the acre. Thorough cultivation and enriched soil besides picking is about the only attention they require.

Columbus.—Fruit very large, green, inclined to straw color, of excellent flavor. On account of its productiveness, we believe that everyone of our patrons should have some.

Price.—2 year, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Downing.—A large, pale green variety that is the best of all gooseberries for market.

Price.—2 year, No. 1, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

Red Jacket.—(Josselyn)—The large, red variety that is entirely satisfactory. When fully ripe it is delicious, very hardy.

Price.—2 year, No. 1, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

STRAWBERRIES

This most delicious of all fruits is the most easily grown, costs least to start and grow and gives the quickest results.

In a garden they should be planted one foot apart and the rows not closer than three feet apart. For market they should be planted one foot or fifteen inches apart in the row and we prefer 4 feet apart but some put them 3 feet, others 3½.

Set 1 x 3 ft., it takes 14,500 plants per acre.

1 x 4 ft., 10,800; 15 in. x 3 ft., 11,600; 1 x 3½ ft., 13,850; 15 x 3½ ft., 9,950; 15 in. x 4 ft., 8,700.

GENERAL LIST OF STRAWBERRIES

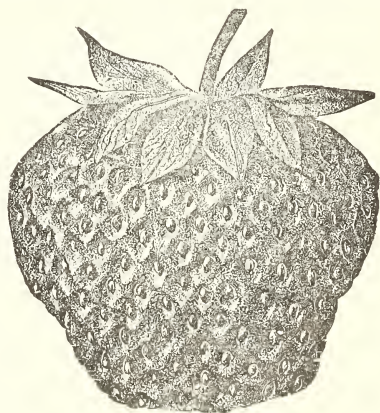
Prices.—(For spring delivery only)—50c per 25; \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1000.

Joe.—(Perfect Bloom)—Season medium to late. Plant is unusually vigorous and long lived, and foliage is clean and healthy. Productive, and carries its fruit well. Fruit large to very large, and continues large to the end of the season; firm. In form it is obtuse conical and very uniformly large in size; red with red flesh; quality good.

Lupton.—(Perfect Bloom)—A late variety, ripening after Joe and before Gandy. Berry very large, a handsome red; is a splendid shipper. Plant is strong and vigorous and is a heavier bearer than almost any other variety.

Premier.—(Perfect Bloom)—Another extra early variety, ripening just after Campbells. Berry is large with a green cap that retains its freshness, quality is among the best; the color is a glossy bright red; flesh is red. Plants are very productive and very vigorous, holding up the berries well to the last picking; foliage is all that can be desired for health and vigor.

Success.—(Perfect Bloom)—Early, large, firm, bright crimson. It is the best early variety we have ever fruited, being very early and prolific. The plant is exceptionally vigorous and strong.



Joe

RASPBERRIES

This berry is used largely for table use but for jams and canning it is much prized. For market they have always been profitable.

They should be planted in single rows in garden about 2 feet apart, for market plant red varieties 2x6 feet, taking 3,630 plants. Blackcaps 3x6 feet, taking 2,420.

Latham.—It is without doubt the best red raspberry for the grower to plant today. It has proven entirely hardy and is a splendid cropper, bearing fruit the largest I have ever seen on any variety and holding the size throughout a long picking season. It is a pleasure to pick berries of such size and appearance. Our experience with Latham Raspberries has been very satisfactory. We find they carry well and usually command the top of the market.

Price.—80c per 10; \$6.00 per 100. (They are worth the extra price.)

Cuthbert—(Red)—A very large red, late ripening variety that makes a strong growth. The berry is solid and is the best of all older red varieties.

Price.—60c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.

St. Regis.—(Red)—This red variety is known as an **Everbearing**. It is very early and medium in size of good quality. Late in the summer and during the fall the young shoots produce a crop of quite large fruit which is delicious and very profitable.

Price.—60c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.

Plum Farmer.—(Black)—Plants are hardy vigorous and productive; the berries large, good in color and quality. The fruit is very large, thick meated and firm, making a good berry to ship to distant markets.

Price.—60c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.



Latham

ASPARAGUS



Washington

The great spring vegetable that every garden should contain. In planting never put deeper than eight inches below the ground, cover one inch with soil and two inches over that with manure, never putting manure below or directly on top of the roots. Plant one foot apart for home use. For market 6 feet by 18 inches, taking 4,840 plants per acre.

Palmetto.—The best of all the older varieties. Of French origin, producing fine large, green stalks, in great quantity and fine quality. The strain we offer seems to suffer no injury from rust.

Prices.	Per 100.	Per 300.	Per 1000.
1 yr.	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$5.00
2 yr.	1.75	4.50	8.00

Washington.—A new variety sent out by the Federal Bureau of Plant Industry as being the most rust resistant variety yet known, very similar in growth and size to Palmetto.

Prices.	Per 100	Per 300	Per 1000.
1 yr.	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$6.00
2 yr.	2.00	5.00	9.00

ORNAMENTAL TREES

Elm, American.—A noble tree, of strong rapid growth; lofty, sweeping branches of great elegance and grace. The finest of all shade trees. Suitable for street or lawn planting. **Price.**—8 to 10 feet, at **\$2.00** each.

American Linden.—Rather rapid grower, broad, thick, heartshaped leaves. Has fragrant yellow flowers. Trunk straight and smooth.

Price.—8 to 10 ft., good stock, **\$3.00** each.

Babylonica Weeping Willow.—This is the well known Weeping Willow, whose long pendulous branches droop so gracefully. A splendid shade tree that does well on wet or dry ground. **Price.**—4 to 5 ft., at **\$1.00** each.

Catalpa Bungeii.—(Umbrella Tree)—One of the most attractive of trees in great demand for lawns and all ornamental grounds; it forms a perfect half-globular or umbrella head with foliage of deep color with great precision and making a beautiful roof of leaves. One of the finest trees that can be planted on a lawn or for shade trees.

Price.—\$2.00 each; 2 for \$3.50.

Camperdown Weeping Elm.—The strong, stout branches often sweep out horizontally for several feet before they curve downward, making a broad, handsome head. The head can be grown to attain the size of twenty feet across it. Leaves are of dark, glossy green, of large size, completely covering the tree, forming a luxuriant mass of verdure.

Prices.—4 year heads, **\$3.50** each.



Catalpa Bungeii

Cut-leaf Weeping Birch.—An English Birch with drooping branches from a straight upright stem which as it ages becomes snow white. The leaves are finely cut, a most attractive tree.

Prices.—

4 to 5 ft., transplanted, **\$2.00** each.

5 to 6 ft., transplanted, **\$3.00** each.

Dogwood.—(Red Flowering)—In all respects the same as the white flowering except it has darker foliage and bark, also have beautiful pink flowers shaded to red.

Price.—Grafted stock, 3 to 4 ft., transplanted, **\$3.50** each.

Dogwood.—(White Flowering)—This beautiful tree is not only beautiful while in bloom but makes a fine appearing shade tree for the balance of the year.

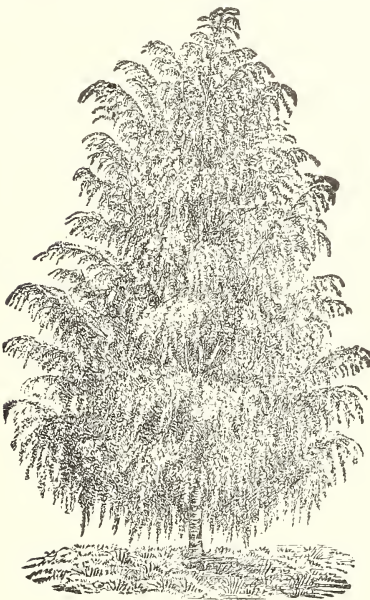
Price.—2 to 3 ft., **75c** each.

European Mountain Ash.—Particularly suited to small lawns. Hardy and ornamental with handsome foliage and showy red berries.

Prices.—6 to 8 ft., **\$2.00**; 8 to 10 ft., **\$2.50**.

Cut-leaf Weeping Birch
Ginkgo Biloba.—(*Salisburia Adiantifolia*)—(Maidenhair Tree)—A most beautiful and interesting Japanese tree. Of rapid and erect growth. Foliage resembles that of the Maiden-hair Fern. One of the most desirable shade trees we have. Free from insect diseases. Considerably used in Washington, D. C.

Price.—8 to 10 ft., **\$3.00** each.



Japan Maples.—Purple Leaf grafted.—This dwarf purple maple has been out of the market for years but we have a few small ones to offer now.

Price.—15 to 18 inch grafted, **\$7.50.**

Do not confuse these with cheaper seedlings.

Lombardy Poplars.—Upright slender branched trees used as back-grounds, they are branched to the ground. This tree is becoming more popular each year. As a screen they are most stately and attractive.

Prices.	Each.	Per 10.
3 to 4 feet.....	\$.50	\$ 4.00
6 to 8 feet.....	1.00	8.00
8 to 10 feet.....	1.25	10.00



Norway Maple

Norway Maples.—We consider this the best of all shade trees.

Without doubt the Norway Maples are considered everywhere the best street trees. The demand and shortage made large trees with straight bodies and good tops impossible to get. The smaller trees offered by us are splendid young stock that will give far better results than inferior large trees that have not been transplanted for many years.

Prices	Each.	Per 2.	Per 10.
4 to 5 ft.			
whips	\$.75	\$ 1.25	\$ 6.00
6 to 7 ft.....	1.10	2.00	9.00
7 to 8 ft., some			
branched	2.00	3.75	16.00
8 to 9 ft., fine			
trees	3.00		

Oriental Plane.—A popular shade tree in Europe. Does well for a similar purpose here. Not subject to blight like the native Sycamore. Makes a large spreading tree. Rapid grower. Succeeds well in either high or low situations.

Price.—10 to 12 ft., at **\$2.50** each; 2 for **\$4.50.**

JAPANESE IVY

Boston or Japanese Ivy (Amelopsis Veitchii).—A beautiful hardy climbing plant of Japanese origin. This is one of the finest climbers we know for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it smoothly with overlapping leaves, which form a perfect mass of foliage. The color is a fresh deep green in summer, changing to the brightest shade of crimson and yellow in Autumn. It is hardy and becomes more popular every year.

Prices.—2 year, transplanted, 18 to 24 inches @ **25c** each; **\$2.00** per 10; **\$15.00** per 100.

12 to 18 inches @ **20c** each; **\$1.50** per 10; **\$10.00** per 100.

LILY OF THE VALLEY

Lily of the Valley.—Its bell-shaped fragrant white flowers are much enjoyed by everyone. Plant in a partly shaded place made rich with well rotted manure..

Price.—15c each; **\$1.00** per 10.

PAEONIA (PEONY)

Duchesse of Wellington.—White.

Albert Crouse.—Pink, late.

Duchesse de Nemours.—Creamy white.

Felix Crouse.—Red.

Rubra Superba.—Late Red.

Zoe Calot.—Early Pink.

Price.—75c each; **\$2.00** per 3; **\$3.50** for one of each kind.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Almond, Double Flowering, Pink and White.—They bear the best rose colored and white blossoms, respectively, in great profusion in early spring.

2 to 3 ft., fine, **\$1.00** each.

Althea, Rose of Sharon.—We can furnish these in white, pink, red and purple flowering. 2 to 3 ft., **35c** each; 4 for **\$1.00**.



Berberis Thunbergii

Berberis Thunbergii.—Its beautiful pendulous habit and fine showing of bright red berries make it attractive for clumps and borders.

Price.—15 to 18 in., extra heavy, **30c** each; **\$2.50** per 10.

12 to 15 in., transplanted, **20c** each; **\$1.25** per 10.

Berberis Thunbergii Atropurpurea.—(New Purple Leaved Japanese Berberry)—

A beautiful novelty and very attractive lawn plant for clump or specimen plantings. Color of foliage is bright, shining deep red, similar to Japan Maples.

This color is continued until frost when it changes to bright orange and red. The berries and plant are identical with the Japanese Berberry of which it is a true sport. **60c** each; 3 for **\$1.50**.

Calycanthus Floridus.—(Sweet Shrub)—(Strawberry Shrub).—The old garden sweet shrub bearing chocolate colored fragrant flowers. 2 to 3 ft., **35c** each.

Cydonia Japonica, (Apple Japonica)—(Japan Quince).—Bears profusely, beautiful bright scarlet flowers in May.

2 ft., **50c** each.

Deutzia Crenata.—(Flora Plena).—Profuse bloomer, beautiful double pink flowers.

3 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Deutzia Pride of Rochester.—White flowering shrub with splendid foliage. When in bloom is a most beautiful mass of white and green.

3 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Deutzia Gracilis.—A round, compact shrub that is very graceful and pretty and when in bloom is a most beautiful mass of white and green.

15 inches, **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**; 12 inches, at **30c**; 3 for **75c**.

Deutzia Lemoinei.—A dwarf pyramid shrub slightly stronger grower than Gracilis and larger flowers. Very handsome during June.

Price.—15 to 18 inches at **50c** each.

Forsythia, Fortunei—(Golden Bell)—Erect branches, large, rich green leaves, early yellow flowers. The first shrub to bloom in the spring.

Price.—3 ft., **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.25**.

Forsythia Viridissima.—More spreading than above and the leaves turn in autumn to rich colorings; make a wonderful background.

Price.—2½ ft., **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.25**.

Hydrangea Arborescens Grandiflora Alba.—Blossoms are of the very largest size, of pure snow-white color. Strong plants, **25c** each; 10 for **\$1.50**.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.—The *Hydrangea Grandiflora* continues to be one of the best and most beautiful hardy ornamental shrubs ever grown. It grows three to four feet high, is perfectly hardy in all parts of the country; needs no protection in winter. The flowers are pure white, afterwards changing to pink and rich coppery red, and are borne in immense pyramidal trusses nearly a foot long and nearly as much in diameter.

Extra strong, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

3 year, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 10 for \$2.25.

Tree Form Hydrangea.—Same as above, grown like a small tree.

3 ft. stems, 2 year heads, \$1.25 each, extra fine stock.

Lodense Privet.—A new form of Privet, very hardy, foliage very green, in style of growth resembles Boxbush, and can be used for edging.

15 to 18 inches, 50c each; \$3.00 per 10.

Regals Privet.—A low growing bush of graceful habit, a splendid shrub to go with Berberry in clump and corner plantings. Its black berries hang on all winter.

18 to 24 inches, 50c each; \$3.00 per 10.

Lilac, Common Purple.—This is the well known Purple variety.

2 feet, at 50c each.

Lilac, Common White.—The pure white variety of such pleasing fragrance.

18 to 24 in., at 50c each.

Lonicera, (Bush Honeysuckle).—Morrowi in white, Tartarica in pink and red.

Lonicera Morrowi.—Pure white fragrant flowers, bright red berries in fall.

3 ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Lonicera Tartarica.—Pink flowers, fragrant and beautiful, bright red berries in fall.

3 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00. Red flowering same price.

Philadelphus Coronarius.—(Mock Orange)—Commonly called Syringa, very sweet, white flower resembling orange blossoms.

3 ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Philadelphus Grandiflora.—Similar to above but much larger bloom and stronger grower.

3 ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Potentilla Fruticosa.—(Bush Cinquefoil)—Gives a solid mass of bright yellow bloom during the summer.

1½ to 2 feet, 50c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Red Bud.—(*Cercis Japonica*).—Is entirely covered with deep pink flowers before the leaves show. A beautiful early blooming shrub, the first red bloom.

3 to 4 ft., \$1.00 each.

Rhodotypus Kerriodes.—(White Kerria)—Great profusion of white flowers in May followed by shining black berries.

18 to 24 inch, 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Spiraea Anthony Waterer.—Very dwarf, constant bloomer from June to October, flowers bright crimson as also is the young growth, a splendid plant for clumps, edging or single specimen. One of the finest dwarf shrubs.

15 to 18 in., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25. 12 to 15 in., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Spiraea Thunbergii.—Graceful, flowering early in spring, the first to bloom; branches slender and drooping. Small, bright green feathery leaves. Pure white flowers, dwarf, remains in bloom a long time.

15 to 18 inches, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Spiraea Van Houttei.—An upright shrub with graceful, slender branches and bright green foliage. The flowers are of pure white in great clusters by reason of its free blooming habit presents a magnificent appearance.

15 to 20 in., 25c each; 3 for 50c. 18 to 24 in., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Symphoricarpus Racemosus.—(Snowberry).—Popular shrub, medium size, small pink flowers in summer, followed by large, waxy berries, white in autumn, persisting into mid-winter. Very ornamental.

18 to 24 inches, 25c each; 3 for 50c.

Symphoricarpus Vulgaris.—(Carol Berry)—Vigorous and quick grower; covered with purple berries all summer. Does well in any position.

18 to 24 inches, 25c each; 3 for 50c.

Viburnum Dentatum.—Curious leaves, roughly heart-shaped, assuming rich purple and red in fall. Very ornamental hedge plant; greenish white flowers; pretty, dark blue berries in autumn.

2 to 3 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Viburnum Lantana.—(Wayfaring Tree)—The large, white flower clusters open in May, and are followed by red fruits; has peculiar soft foliage.
4 to 5 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Viburnum Plicatum.—(Japan Snowball)—White flowers, large, the balls are often over three inches across. The bush grows with the branches at right angles to the main stem, the dark green foliage is beautifully crimped.
18 to 24 inches, **65c** each; 3 for **\$1.75**. Extra fine.



Weigela

Weigela Amabilis.—Light pink.
3 to 4 feet, at **40c** each.

Weigela Eva Rathke.—Bears a beautiful dark rich reddish purple flower and is a very free bloomer.

2 to 3 feet, **60c** each; 3 for **\$1.50**.

Weigela Candida.—Ivory white flowers, almost cover the graceful arching branches.

2 to 3 feet, **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.25**.

Weigela Rosea.—Flowers medium-sized to large, rose pink.

3 to 4 feet, **60c** each; 3 for **\$1.50**.

EVERGREENS

Abies Concolor.—(Silver Fir)—Even the Blue Spruce does not excel this magnificent tree. Tree is of graceful habit and rapid growth. Broad, handsome foliage, blue above and silvery beneath. **Price.**—12 to 15-inch @ **\$1.50** each.

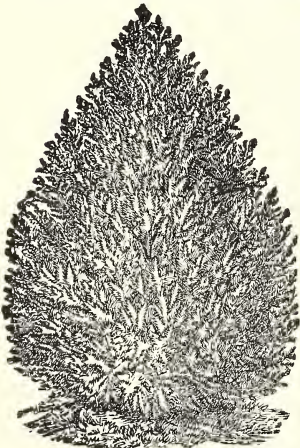
Biota Aurea Nana.—(Berckmans Golden Arbor Vitae.)—A new variety of very dwarf and compact habit; a perfect gem for small gardens or cemetery lots. The plant is very effective for window boxes and for tubs.

Price.—12 to 15-inch @ **\$2.25** each.

Juniper Sabina.—Bushy, low grower; beautiful deep green; fine for massing. **Price.**—12 to 15-inch @ **\$1.50** each; 15 to 18-inch @ **\$2.00**.

Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia.—(Gray-Carpet Juniper.)—A distinct, trailing variety of Sabina. The needle-shaped leaves have a deceptive but pleasing shade of gray-green. Fine for edging.

Price.—15-inch spread, **\$2.00**; 10-inch spread, **\$2.50**; 3 ft. spread, **\$3.00**.



Norway Spruce
(*Picea Excelsa*)

Picea Excelsa.—(Norway Spruce)—Commonest Spruce seen; known as the Christmas Tree. Very hardy and adaptable to hedge and other purposes; leaves dark green, very handsome. Tree of pyramidal, lofty appearance. 30 to 50 feet high.

2 feet, **\$1.25** each.

2½ to 3 feet, **\$2.00** each.

3 to 4 feet, **\$3.00** each.

4 to 5 feet, **\$4.00** each.

5 to 6 feet, **\$5.00** each.

Pinus Mugho Compacta.—This dwarf species forms a dark, dome-shaped bush, broader than its height and sometimes almost prostrate. Valuable for lawns, terraces, barren hillsides or near the sea.

12 to 15-inch, **\$2.00** each.

Thuya Occidentalis.—(American Arbor Vitae.)—Very useful for hedging and screening, and equally so for ornamentation. Scaly leaves, bright green with a yellowish surface on underside. Branches short and horizontal; retains its good shape.

12 to 15-inch, 60c each; \$5.00 per 10. 18-inch, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 per 10.
15-inch, \$8.00 per 10. 2 ft., \$1.50 each; \$12.50 per 10.

Juniperus Excelsa Stricta.—This beautiful variety forms a tall, dense, narrow, conical head, tapering gradually from the ground to a sharp terminal point; and is of fine blue color. The growth is slow so that the tree is well adapted for foundation plantings, rock gardens, or other situations where small or dwarf trees are required.

Prices.—12 to 15 inches @ \$2.25; 15 to 18 inches @ \$3.00.

Thuya Occidentalis Pyramidalis.—Similar in appearance to Globosa but grows in pyramid form and taller, keeps good color during the winter.

12 to 15 inches, \$1.50 each—very fine form.

Kosters Blue Spruce.—Price, grafted, 10 to 12 inches, \$4.00 each.

Retinospora Filifera.—Has long, stringy, drooping branches and bright green foliage. Graceful and decorative.

Prices.—15 inch spread @ \$2.00; 12-inch spread @ \$1.50.

Retinospora Filifera Aurea.—Very bright, conspicuous, golden yellow. Grows more slowly than preceding.

Price.—12-inch spread @ \$1.75.

Tsuga Canadensis.—(Hemlock Spruce)—One of the most beautiful evergreen trees, with gracefully drooping branches. There is nothing prettier for hedges of well-trimmed specimen trees for lawns. Somewhat pendulous and delicate in appearance; foliage light, yet tufted; form conical.

Prices.—12 to 15 inches @ \$1.00 each.

15 to 18 inches @ \$1.50 each.

18 inches @ \$2.00 each.

2 to 2½ ft., extra fine specimens, @ \$3.50 each.

ROSES

We are offering only Everblooming varieties of the hardiest type that have proven satisfactory for our climate.

The plants are strong, well rooted, 18 to 24-inch, outdoor grown, dormant stock.

Prices.—\$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.50; 10 for \$8.00; or 1 each of the ten varieties listed for \$7.50.

LIST OF VARIETIES

Etoile de France.—Rich velvety crimson, red center, large and double.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.—Creamy white, of very large size and quality.

Sunburst.—Deep cadmium yellow with orange yellow center, large and full.

Souvenir Claudius Pernet.—A real yellow, lovely and a splendid variety.

Los Angeles.—One of the very best, pink toned with coral and gold.

Columbia.—Peach-blow pink, large, double bloom with stiff stems.

Frau Karl Druschki.—Pure white, strong grower, large bloom.

Red Radiance.—Glowing crimson, large, free bloomer, beautiful form.

Mrs. Aaron Ward.—Indian yellow center with primrose edge, free bloomer.

Radiance.—Brilliant, rosy opaline pink, large, free and very fragrant.

CLIMBING ROSES

All hardy, large flowering varieties.

Prices.—80c each; \$7.50 per 10.

Dr. Van Fleet.—Fresh pink, and rose center, the best of all.

Pauls Scarlet.—Clear shining scarlet of large size.

Shower of Gold.—Deep golden yellow, very double.

Bess Lovett.—Clear, bright crimson, double and full.

Silver Moon.—Pure white, large and free bloomer.

DISTANCE TO SET STOCK

Apples, large growing varieties.....	36x36 ft.....	34 trees per acre
Apples, small growing varieties.....	30x30 ft.....	48 trees per acre
Pears, standard.....	24x24 ft.....	75 trees per acre
Peaches, Plums, Apricots.....	18x18 ft.....	135 trees per acre
Strong-Growing Cherries.....	20x20 ft.....	110 trees per acre
Duke and Morello Cherries.....	16x16 ft.....	170 trees per acre
Grapes.....	6 x12 ft.....	600 vines per acre
Asparagus.....	1½x6 ft.....	4,840 plants per acre
Currants and Gooseberries.....	2 x 4 ft.....	5,450 bushes per acre
Raspberries, Blackberries.....	3 x 6 ft.....	2,420 plants per acre
Strawberries.....	1 x 3 ft.....	14,500 plants per acre

GUARANTEE AND CONDITION OF SALE

We have no connection whatever with any other nursery, and our responsibility extends only to persons purchasing direct from us. We also disclaim any responsibility for failure arising from defective planting, or from subsequent faulty treatment of cultivation, and we are not in any respect responsible for any loss or damage arising from any failure therefrom.

While we exercise the greatest care to have all trees, shrubs and plants sold by us true to name and free from disease, and hold ourselves prepared to replace, on proper proof, all that may prove to be otherwise, we do not give any warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to them; and all such goods are sold upon the express condition and understanding that in case any of them prove to be untrue to name, unhealthy or otherwise defective, we shall not be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of the goods.

CLAIMS.—All claims must be made immediately upon receipt of goods, at which time they will be carefully considered and adjusted.

REPLACEMENTS.—With the kind of stock we send out there is none necessary unless the soil or the weather or transportation company is to blame and you cannot expect us to make good these kind of losses. The man who agrees to replace such losses either does not or charges you in the first price many times what replacement would cost.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

William B. Duryee, Secretary.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS AND INSPECTION

Harry B. Weiss, Chief.

No. 267.

Trenton, N. J., September 24, 1927.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY That we have this 23rd day of September, 1927, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 268, Laws of 1916, State of New Jersey, inspected or caused to be inspected by a duly appointed Inspector the general nursery stock growing in the Village Nurseries of Jos. H. Black, Son & Co., proprietors at Hightstown in Mercer County, New Jersey, and have found the same apparently free from San Jose Scale and other dangerously injurious insect pests and dangerously destructive plant diseases. We further certify that the nursery has a properly constructed house for fumigation with hydrocyanic acid gas.

This certificate expires June 1st, 1928, and covers only stock actually in the nurseries when examined.

THOMAS J. HEADLEE, State Entomologist.

WH. H. MARTIN, State Plant Pathologist.

RALPH B. LOTT, Chief Inspector.

NOTICE—All claims for defective stock must be made at once upon receipt of same. Address all orders and communications to

JOS. H. BLACK, SON & CO.,

Hightstown, N. J.

CURRENTS

We can ship Currants in New Jersey only.

They should be planted on ground, made rich with manure, about 2 feet apart and rows 4 feet apart, taking 5,450 plants per acre.

Wilder.—The best of all red varieties for general use and market. It is productive, healthy and has good picking stems, also is large and fine colored.

Price.—2 year, 20c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Fays Prolific.—A rather dwarf grower but produces splendid bunches of fine large red fruit.

Prices.—1 year, 25c each; \$1.50 per 10.

White Grape.—The best of all the white varieties and one that produces a fine lot of almost transparent white berries.

Price.—2 year, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

HEDGING

Berberis Thunbergii.—This thorny, graceful hedge needs no pruning and thrives everywhere. It is especially adapted for covering the bare spots along porches and sides of houses where grass or flowers will not thrive. One of the most effective plants in autumn, after most other deciduous shrubs are bare, its small, oval leaves then assume superb crimson hues, and the slender branches droop beneath their load of bright red berries, which hang on until late in winter.

2 year, transplanted, \$1.25 per 10; \$8.00 per 100—extra fine stock.

California Privet.—Without question this is the best hedging plant yet introduced.

	Per 10.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
18 to 24 inches.....	.75	\$3.00	\$25.00
12 to 18 inches.....	.60	2.50	20.00

Norway Spruce—(Evergreen).—As a windbreak and high screen nothing can be better. Can also be trimmed to a low thick hedge.

12 to 15 inches, \$5.00 per 10.

15 to 20 inches, \$6.00 per 10.

Spirea Van Houttei.—We have found this to be the finest of all flowering shrubs for a hedge between lawn and garden. It is beautiful when in bloom and the graceful curve of its branches loaded with foliage is attractive during the entire summer.

18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.

15 to 18 inches, 1.50 per 10; 10.00 per 100.

BROADLEAF EVERGREENS

Azalea Amoena.—The finest of all hardy evergreen shrubs. Dwarf with small green leaves and in the early spring it is covered with masses of brilliant claret colored flowers that last for three to four weeks.

12 to 15 inches, twice transplanted, \$2.00 each. Full of buds.

Azalea Hinodigiri.—Similar in habit to Amoena but with larger foliage and of stronger growth. The flowers are carmine.

10 to 12 in., \$2.00 each. Full of blossom buds.

Boxbush.—This is the well known pretty Box of very dense habit, seen in so many places where it is so highly prized, it is becoming very popular in new plantings.

10 to 12 in., \$1.00 each; 15 inch, fine specimen, \$2.00 each.

Box Edging.—Very fine little evergreen edging plant for along walks, especially for bungalows and colonial residences.

6 to 8 inches, 75c each; \$5.00 per 10.

Address all orders and communications direct to

JOS. H. BLACK, SON & CO.,

HIGHTSTOWN, NEW JERSEY